



Personal Notes

J. A. Hemming of Bedford Township, was in Bedford on Saturday.

George E. Morgart, of Rainsburg, was a Bedford visitor last Friday.

James B. Koontz visited friends in Turtle Creek over the week end.

The annual Bedford Band Mistrail will be held next Friday evening, March 7, 1924 in the Assembly Hall.

S. E. Turner of Schellsburg was transacting business in Bedford yesterday.

William Dishong of near Bedford was a business transactor at the County Capital yesterday.

Attorney B. F. Madore made a business trip to Hollidaysburg yesterday.

Miss Thelma Lessig, of Rainsburg, was visiting relatives and friends in Bedford on Wednesday.

Mrs. John Price, visited friends and relatives in and around Everett the past two weeks.

Mr. John H. Clark of Bedford St., transacted business in Altoona on Tuesday.

Mr. John Bridaham of Bedford Township, was transacting legal business in Bedford on Tuesday.

Miss Margaret Smith, of Philadelphia, is visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Smith.

H. B. Trout, of McConnellsburg, was transacting business in Bedford on Saturday.

Elmer McKinney, of Schellsburg, was transacting business in Bedford on Tuesday.

Harvey May, of Buffalo Mills, was a business transactor in Bedford on Tuesday.

M. A. Amick, Everett was transacting business in Bedford on Monday.

Mrs. L. D. Blackwelder and son John have returned home after a few weeks visit at Atlantic City.

Mr. Edward Barnhart, of Pittsburgh, spent the week-end here with his mother.

Miss Thelma Fluke spent the week-end with her parents at Hopewell.

Miss J. Constance Tate, who spent the past week with relatives in Philadelphia, returned home on Saturday.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Mollenauer died in the Western Maryland Hospital, Cumberland on Friday.

Messrs. Cecil O., of Red Jacket, W. Va., and Herbert Snyder, of Handley, W. Va., were callers at our office on Monday.

D. B. Weaver of Saxton, noted gold prospector of the Rocky Mountain was a caller at the Gazette Office on Saturday.

District Atty. Marion D. Patterson of Hollidaysburg was transacting legal business in Bedford on Wednesday.

Clarence E. Shappell, principal of the Bedford High School visited during the week end with friends at Hood Colledge, Frederick, Md.

Mrs. Rebecca Whetstone and sister Miss Jessie Diehl left this week for a few weeks visit with relatives in Hyndman.

Mrs. Eppie Reighard of North Richard Street is spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wayne Reighard, of Bedford Township.

Mrs. J. E. Miller of Altoona visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Jacobs of Spring-side several days last week.

Mrs. W. F. White returned to her home here Wednesday evening after having spent two weeks at the home of her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Ned Shuck, of Ligonier.

Miss Margaret Fisher, who is attending Catherman's Business School, Cumberland, spent the weekend here with her parents, Mr. and Point, on Monday, February 25th, 1924, at the age of 84 years, 2 months and 2 days. Death was due to heart failure. He was born Dec. 23, 1839 in Washington County, and was a son of Jonas and Nancy Hisong, they moving to Mercersburg, Pa., when he was a lad. He learned the printer trade and afterwards the potter trade. On April 3, 1861 enlisted in the Three Months' service his time out and came home. Then on Sept. 21, 1861 he enlisted in Company H, 55th Pa. under Captain George H. Muller. Re-enlisted came home in Jan. 1864 on a furlough. On the 18th day of February 1864 he was united in marriage with Elizabeth Amick to whom union four sons and two daughters were born. One daughter, Mrs. William Feight, preceded him to the world beyond several years ago. He is survived by his widow, four sons and one daughter: John S. of Toledo, Ohio; Wilson of Cessna; William J. of Windber; George P. of Canton, Ohio and Mrs. Joseph Allen of Bedford. He is also survived by two sisters: One located in Alabama; and Mrs. S. S. Poorman of Schellsburg; 21 grand-children and 30 great grand-children also survive.

Walter Price, for a number of years a teacher in the Bedford Township schools, who is located in Plainfield, N. J., visited his brothers and other relatives in Bedford this week. Mr. Price returned yesterday.

Miss Elizabeth Arnold, who spent the past week with her parents, returned on Monday to Beckley College, Harrisburg, where she will resume her studies.

Austin Wright, Jr., of the class of 1925, Haverford College, received the third highest rating in his class on the past mid-year examination with an average grade of 92.4 per cent.

Marriage licenses were granted in Cumberland the past week to: Merritt David Shaffer of Six Mile Run and Beatrice Viola Fink of Yellow Creek; Lloyd Joseph Ritchie of Hopewell and Mildred Reed of Saxton.

Charles R. Mock as local chairman.

Henry C. Heckerman, attended the Sunday School Convention held in the Union Church at Imler on Monday. While in attendance at this meeting he was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Gordon.

Congressman Kurtz advises us that the Commissioner of Pensions has granted a pension of thirty dollars a month from Jan. 12, 1924 payable to a duly appointed guardian of Mrs. Mary E. Cook, widow of Hanson Cook, of Hyndman.

Quite a number of the members of the Knights Templar of this place attended a "Conclave" meeting in Altoona, Tuesday evening. A special feature of the evening was a reception tendered the Bedford County Knights arranged for by the Eminent Commander, W. H. Bartle, assisted by

On Wednesday evening Miss Catherine Roberts delightfully entertained a sledding party at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Roberts near Cessna. The party consisted of school chums and friends from Bedford and vicinity. All present a very enjoyable evening.

We all know what fine entertainments the Bedford Band produces. For the minstrel this year the place is the Assembly Hall; the date is March 7; and the time is 8:00 P. M.

Those from a distance who attended the funeral of Mr. F. H. Todd were: Rev. E. C. Kebock of Harrisburg; Mrs. W. G. Steel of Mapleton, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Charley Adams of Holospole, Pa.; and Mrs. Crissman and Mrs. Gingling, both of Osterburg.

County Agent Mollenauer will give a report of the activities of the Farm Bureau for the past year, and an outline of the plans for the coming year.

Further business will be the Treasurer's report, election of officers, etc.

Prof. F. P. Weaver, State Leader of County Agents will speak on "Prices in Farm Products in Pennsylvania", a vital topic in which all farmers ought to be interested.

Dr. E. L. Nixon, from the State College will speak on "The Big Three in Potato Growing".

A get-together lunch will be served at the noon hour. Bring your eats and join in this social feature. We are especially anxious to see more ladies present this year. All interested in the program and work of the Farm Bureau are cordially invited.

A meeting of the newly organized Bedford County Horticultural Association will be held immediately following the Farm Bureau Meeting. If interested in spray materials, etc., come and join this Association for mutual profit.

(Signed) F. J. Heacock.
Pres. of Bedford County Farm Bureau.

I am committed to the candidacy of William G. McAdoo, says Senator Walsh. So are we.

Senator Owen wants to know what started the World War. So would we. But we know who wrecked World Peace. It was H. C. Lodge, Coolidge, Harding, etc.

They are talking of throwing over the whole cabinet now in order to save the sinking ship. The load is getting too heavy for the troubled waters to carry.

CAPTAIN HISSONG
PASSES AWAY

Captain Josiah Hissong of Co. H, 55th Regt. Pa. Volunteers of the Civil War, died at his residence at 2 Bedford on Thursday, March 6, 1924, at the age of 84 years, 2 months and 2 days. Death was due to heart failure. He was born Dec. 23, 1839 in Washington County, and was a son of Jonas and Nancy Hisong, they moving to Mercersburg, Pa., when he was a lad. He learned the printer trade and afterwards the potter trade. On April 3, 1861 enlisted in the Three Months' service his time out and came home. Then on Sept. 21, 1861 he enlisted in Company H, 55th Pa. under Captain George H. Muller. Re-enlisted came home in Jan. 1864 on a furlough. On the 18th day of February 1864 he was united in marriage with Elizabeth Amick to whom union four sons and two daughters were born. One daughter, Mrs. William Feight, preceded him to the world beyond several years ago. He is survived by his widow, four sons and one daughter: John S. of Toledo, Ohio; Wilson of Cessna; William J. of Windber; George P. of Canton, Ohio and Mrs. Joseph Allen of Bedford. He is also survived by two sisters: One located in Alabama; and Mrs. S. S. Poorman of Schellsburg; 21 grand-children and 30 great grand-children also survive.

Paul B. Burkett of Mann's Choice and Mary Margaret Fockman of New Baltimore, were granted a marriage license in Bedford this week.

C. F. Espenshade and H. C. Heckerman attended the second annual State O. A. B. C. Federation held at Philadelphia last Friday.

Mrs. F. H. Todd left yesterday to visit Rev. W. G. Steel, of Mapleton, Pa., after which she will attend the M. E. Conference at Wilkinsport, Pa.

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THIRD PARTY MAY RESULT FROM OIL

MANY POLITICIANS IN WASHINGTON THINK LA FOLLETTE WILL HEAD ITS TICKET.

By EDWARD B. CLARK

Washington.—A good many politicians here, to whom the wish possibly may be as the thought, seem to think that third party ticket will be put into the field next summer, and that probably Robert Marion LaFollette will lead it.

There may be wrong reckoning in this matter, because Senator LaFollette has had a somewhat remarkable way of maintaining his party regularity. Whether the Wisconsin senator will think that the time is ripe to change his record of regularity remains to be seen.

There is admission on the part of some of those who are friendly to the extra party plan that there is no one with strength enough to lead it except Senator LaFollette. There have been all sorts of reasons advanced in the past by one so-called progressive group of Republicans plus some Democrats for the formation of a third party with LaFollette or a man like him at the head, but since the Teapot Dome trouble has come to pester the public and the parties the third party movement has received additional impetus.

Senator Eliram W. Johnson is stumping in behalf of his own candidacy and, of course, against that of Calvin Coolidge. Senator Johnson is making much of the oil issue. It may be asked why the more radical Republicans who have heard what Senator Johnson has to say on the Teapot Dome matter and on some other matters concerning which his views are those of the LaFollette element, will not be satisfied with Johnson as a candidate.

Call Johnson, Conservative.

If all of the dissatisfied Republicans should support Johnson in the primaries and, through their delegates, in the convention, he might be nominated, or it is possible that some such condition might come as that in which the country found itself in 1912.

The reason, probably, why the Western and Northwestern Republicans who call themselves progressives, while others call them radicals, might not be satisfied with Johnson as a leader is that many of them look upon him as altogether too conservative. He is a progressive and not a radical, but all things, even in politics, are comparative, and to LaFollette and his followers seemingly Johnson is not to be thought of as a representative of their views.

The friends of Senator Johnson in Washington seemingly believe sincerely today that his chances for the nomination have been enhanced greatly by the results of the oil investigation. It does not seem, however, that Senator Johnson's friends here believe that President Coolidge in even a small degree is responsible for the troubles which have recently come to plague the party, the nearest approach to the placing of personal responsibility on the President being in connection with the matter of the retention for a time of Secretary Denby in the cabinet.

Why They Oppose Coolidge.

The friends of Senator Johnson however say that the "mind" of the present administration and the "minds" of its chief subordinate officials are the mind and the minds of the preceding administration and its officials, and that there might be a recurrence of troubles if the present type of officialdom should be the continuing type.

The administration's friends say that the Johnson adherents apparently lose sight of the fact that President Coolidge is determined that no guilty person shall escape and that if either incompetence or maladroitness shall be proved against any official of the administration he shall go the way. The President, however, still is determined that no official, simply because men may think evil of him, shall be condemned without proof.

The Republicans here generally seem to feel that the country approves of the Coolidge determination not to condemn any man unjustly or to thrust him out simply because some may speak evil of him. If this be the case many Republicans think there is no reason why the Johnson cause should gain strength.

There is, however, today a stronger feeling than before that out of the spout of the teapot will come steam enough to move the wheels of a third party movement. This sort of thing is what the LaFollette Republicans have been looking for to give additional strength to their phalanx of opposition to things as they are.

stories of the monuments seem in the main to have a picturesque interest.

The El Morro national monument in western central New Mexico, contains an enormous varicolored sandstone rock rising about 200 feet out of a lava-strewed valley and eroded in such fantastic forms as to give it the appearance of a great castle. On its smooth faces are the inscriptions of five of the early Spanish governors of New Mexico, as well as of many intrepid padres and soldiers who were among the first Europeans to visit this part of the world.

Lying as it did on the first highway in New Mexico, the Zuni-Acoma trail, this rock sheltered as a true fortress many parties whose course took them this way. The shape of the giant monolith is such that an expedition of soldiers could find protection within the cave on the south side in which was located the water so necessary to the traveler in those days. Here with a few out-guards on the one exposed side no successful surprise attack could have been made by hostile Indians.

Onate's Visit in 1606 Recorded.

The earliest inscription on the rock is that of Don Juan de Onate, governor and colonizer of New Mexico and founder of the city of Santa Fe, who in 1606 on his return from a trip to the head of the Gulf of California passed by El Morro and carved a record of his visit.

The inscription of Gov. Manuel de Silva Nieto, who succeeded Onate and who took the first missionaries to Hawikú where a mission was established, reads: "I am the captain-general of the province of New Mexico for the King our Lord. Passed by here on the 29th of July of the year 1629 and he put them in peace upon their petition, asking him his favor as vassals of his majesty, and anew they gave their obedience; all of which he did with clemency, zeal and prudence as such most Christian (not plain here) most extraordinary and gallant soldier of undying and praised memory."

The party accompanying Silva Nieto was made up of 400 cavalry and 10 wagons. This additional paragraph is added to the inscription:

"They passed on the 23d of March of 1632 year to the avenging of the death of Father Letrado."—Lujan.

Lujan, who signed this inscription, had reference to this trip with other soldiers from the garrison in Santa Fe to Hawikú, where the padre was murdered by Zuni Indians, who scalped him February 22, 1632, just 100 years before George Washington was born.

De Vargas Inscription.

The De Vargas inscription of 1602 is of historical importance. Translated it reads: "Here was the General Don Diego de Vargas who conquered for our Holy Faith and Royal Crown all of New Mexico at his own expense year 1602." De Vargas reconquered the Pueblo Indians after their bloody rebellion in 1680 and succeeded in bringing many colonists from Spain to take up homes in this country. He lies buried under the altar of the parish church in Santa Fe.

Lieut. J. H. Simpson, afterward General Simpson, accompanied by the artist, R. H. Kern, were the first Americans to see these inscriptions and bring them to the attention of the public. They visited El Morro and copied the inscriptions in 1849, leaving a record of their own visit on the rock.

The last Spanish inscription, of which there are over fifty, was dated 1774. Thus for 168 years El Morro was a regular camping place of parties whose business it was to maintain Spanish rule over the Pueblo Indians of this section. Carving of names by present visitors is strictly prohibited, with a heavy fine and imprisonment provided by law for violators, in order that the records of the most famous "Stone Autograph Album" in the world may be preserved. The monument contains 240 acres and was first set aside in 1906. On the top of the rock there are some ruins of ancient dwellings which can be reached by trail.

The monument is reached from Gallup, N. M., on the Santa Fe railroad and National Old Trails road. West bound motorists, however, may leave the highway at Grants and follow a new road which goes through San Rafael, one of the largest strictly Spanish towns in the state, then skirts the foothills of the Zuni mountains and passes Agua Fria draw. From there on the road is through a grove of pines, bordered on the left hand by a great rough lava bed rising to mountains in places and falling into unknown dark crevices and canyons in others.

The Retort Courteous

I remember (writes Stephen Leacock in College Days) a parent who did not do his boy's exercise, but, after letting the boy do it, wrote across the face of it a withering comment addressed to me, and reading: "From this exercise you can see that my boy after six months of your teaching, is completely ignorant. How do you account for it?"

I sent the exercise back to him with the added note: "I think it must be hereditary."

Signing Was Unanimous

Bancroft, the historian, says that eleven of the thirteen state delegations signed the proposed Constitution. Since the two other delegations had previously left the convention, the signing was unanimous. All perhaps had grave doubts about one feature or provision, or another, but they had decided better than they knew and they all had the courage to sign the concrete result of their arduous work.

The Interior department is issuing a series of descriptive articles concerning these national monuments. The

PENNSYLVANIA STATE ITEMS

Carlisle.—A. L. Bierbower, has been re-elected head of the Cumberland County Agricultural Extension Association.

Shenandoah.—Wassel Strasbaugh, 73 years old, was buried alive behind a fall of coal and rock at Turkey Run colliery for thirty-one hours before he was rescued uninjured.

Palmyra.—Rev. Dr. Stanley Willhelme, president of the Eastern Pennsylvania Synod of the Lutheran church, was elected pastor of the Palmyra charge of the Lutheran church.

Hazleton.—Knocked down by a fall of rock in the Hazleton No. 1 mine of the Lehigh Valley Coal company, Joseph Luchi dragged himself twenty feet toward safety just in time to avoid being crushed by tons of coal and stone which came down where he had stood when hit. At the State Hospital a cut in his scalp which required thirteen stitches to close was dressed.

Chambersburg.—William Nicholls, aged 19, is dying in Chambersburg Hospital, as the result of being shot by Harry Demas, who lives near Fayetteville. Demas claims Nicholls had entered his home and threatened his life when ordered to leave. Demas is in jail here.

Reading.—Luke A. Snyder, aged 24, of Jacksonwald, a woollen weaver, employed at Stony Creek, died suddenly at his home at Jacksonwald, in Oley.

He had just partaken of a hearty meal, when he burst a blood vessel in his head. The flow of blood could not be checked and he bled to death before a doctor could arrive. He leaves a widow.

McAdoo.—Burgess Fox has begun a crusade against the operation of slot machines.

Lancaster.—Boy Scouts placed a wreath on the grave of President Buchanan in Woodward Hill Cemetery.

Hazleton.—A slot machine was stolen from the saloon of Andrew Grosshey while the family was asleep, and rifled, of \$16 after being carried to the rear of the lot.

Lewistown.—Charles Hoover Night-singer, aged 73, died suddenly on the street from an attack of heart disease.

Harrisburg.—The appointment of Louis G. Krause, of Milton, as assistant chief engineer of the public service commission, was announced.

Bloomsburg.—The Kiwanis Club presented its service medal to Mrs. Earl Crawford for her consistent charitable work last year.

Irwin.—Eight men arrested at Rillington and convicted of violating the state dry laws were escorted to the Methodist church here. After attending the services the prisoners were taken back to their cells. Police officials said that hereafter all persons convicted under the liquor laws would be taken to church twice a week.

Allentown.—Alleging that D. George Derry, owner of nearly sixty silk mills scattered all over the eastern section of the United States, who failed for several million dollars a year ago, had illegally transferred to his wife thousands of dollars' worth of real estate that properly belongs to the creditors, attorneys filed objections to the manufacturer's discharge as a bankrupt with the referee and the case will be carried to the United States district court at Philadelphia.

Among the properties in the controversy is the magnificent Derry mansion at Catasauqua, which is said to have cost nearly \$1,000,000.

Uniontown.—Benjamin B. Howell, aged 60, cashier of the National Bank of Fayette County, died suddenly at the banking house from an attack of apoplexy. He had been associated with the bank for many years and had been cashier for twelve years.

Harrisburg.—Respite in the cases of three men convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to be executed were announced at Governor Pinchot's office. Execution of Domenick Defino, Lackawanna county, was postponed from the week of February 25 to that of March 10; that of George Bland, Dauphin county, from the week of March 3 to that of March 17, and that of John Barnes, Fayette county, from the week of March 3 to March 24.

Altoona.—Smashing the glass in the display window of Joseph Giambò's jewelry store, a robber took jewelry valued at \$2400, and escaped.

Pittsburgh.—A carload of beer, shipped from Pittsburgh to McKeesport, was confiscated by state police from Greensburg. The car contained 154 half-barrels and thirty-two barrels. Three McKeesport men were arrested and turned over to Federal authorities.

Cochranville.—Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Albright celebrated their fifty-fourth wedding anniversary with a family reunion.

Mount Carmel.—John Kiley, Jr., was rendered unconscious for a half hour when overcome by carbon monoxide gas in his garage.

Lewistown.—Carpenters here have organized a union with an initial membership of twenty-five.

Uniontown.—Shot by her daughter, who mistook her for a burglar, Mrs. Mary Dolan, aged 60, is making a gallant fight for life in the Uniontown Hospital.

New Castle.—Walking into a South Side chain store at the closing hour, a bandit apparently about 20 years old, at the point of a revolver held up the proprietor, D. W. Axe, and robbed him of the day's receipts, more than \$100. Walking out of the store, still covering Axe, the youth sped away in a waiting car. Axe was alone at the time.

Pittsburgh.—The Allegheny County Bar Association presented a petition in federal court asking that Attorney Louis V. Barach be debarred from practicing in that court. A citation was issued against him, returnable on March 1, to show cause why the petition should not be granted. He already has been debarred from practicing in the common pleas court, according to the petition, which alleges that Barach aided witnesses to commit perjury in the trial of a case on November 13, 1922.

Altoona.—Believed to have been implicated in dynamiting the wall of the Western Penitentiary, Pittsburgh, Thomas Manos, a Greek, was arrested here at the request of Warden Egen and held for the penitentiary authorities. He denies complicity in the attempted jail delivery, declaring he has been in Altoona several weeks. Manos was paroled from the penitentiary last October after serving a term for robbing two Altoona stores.

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Irwin.—Eight men arrested at Rillington and convicted of violating the state dry laws were escorted to the Methodist church here. After attending the services the prisoners were taken back to their cells. Police officials said that hereafter all persons convicted under the liquor laws would be taken to church twice a week.

Allentown.—Alleging that D. George Derry, owner of nearly sixty silk mills scattered all over the eastern section of the United States, who failed for several million dollars a year ago, had illegally transferred to his wife thousands of dollars' worth of real estate that properly belongs to the creditors, attorneys filed objections to the manufacturer's discharge as a bankrupt with the referee and the case will be carried to the United States district court at Philadelphia.

Among the properties in the controversy is the magnificent Derry mansion at Catasauqua, which is said to have cost nearly \$1,000,000.

Uniontown.—Benjamin B. Howell, aged 60, cashier of the National Bank of Fayette County, died suddenly at the banking house from an attack of apoplexy. He had been associated with the bank for many years and had been cashier for twelve years.

Harrisburg.—Respite in the cases of three men convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to be executed were announced at Governor Pinchot's office. Execution of Domenick Defino, Lackawanna county, was postponed from the week of February 25 to that of March 10; that of George Bland, Dauphin county, from the week of March 3 to that of March 17, and that of John Barnes, Fayette county, from the week of March 3 to March 24.

Altoona.—Smashing the glass in the display window of Joseph Giambò's jewelry store, a robber took jewelry valued at \$2400, and escaped.

Pittsburgh.—A carload of beer, shipped from Pittsburgh to McKeesport, was confiscated by state police from Greensburg. The car contained 154 half-barrels and thirty-two barrels. Three McKeesport men were arrested and turned over to Federal authorities.

Cochranville.—Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Albright celebrated their fifty-fourth wedding anniversary with a family reunion.

Mount Carmel.—John Kiley, Jr., was rendered unconscious for a half hour when overcome by carbon monoxide gas in his garage.

Lewistown.—Carpenters here have organized a union with an initial membership of twenty-five.

Uniontown.—Shot by her daughter, who mistook her for a burglar, Mrs. Mary Dolan, aged 60, is making a gallant fight for life in the Uniontown Hospital.

Olyphant.—Mrs. Thomas Hitchings, aged 38, committed suicide by hanging in the cellar of her brother's home here.

COUNTY AUDITOR'S REPORT

Annual report of the County Auditors of Bedford County, Pennsylvania, showing Receipts and Expenditures for County Purposes for the year 1923.

AMOUNT OF TAX BY DISTRICTS

Tax on Money

District County Tax at Int.

Bedford Boro. \$9,398.77 \$2,102.76

Bedford Twp. 3,515.26 836.38

Bloomfield Twp. 2,273.69 270.35

Broad Top Twp. 6,804.97 161.22

Coaldale Boro. 594.27 40.06

Colerain Twp. 4,099.05 507.70

Cumberland Valley Twp. 3,875.43 506.84



The Road That Outlives the Bonds

The mileage of Concrete Roads is rapidly increasing year after year—because no other pavement stands up under punishment like Concrete.

Concrete Roads carry any kind of traffic indefinitely, practically without repairs. They have the maintenance built into them.

That is why Concrete Roads will outlive the bonds.

* * *

The Portland Cement Association has a personal service to offer individuals and communities. This service is designed to give you more for your money—whether you use Concrete or have it used for you.

Our booklet R-3 tells many interesting things about Concrete Roads. Write this office for your copy.

PORLTAND CEMENT ASSOCIATION
1315 Walnut St.
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
*A National Organization
to Improve and Extend the Uses of Concrete*

Offices in 27 Other Cities



When the Mistake Is Yours, Help Correct It

Sometimes, as soon as you give the operator a call, you realize that you have called the wrong number. The first impulse is to hang up the receiver, but, really, you should wait and say to the other party, "I beg your pardon for calling the wrong number"—and then everybody feels all right about it.

But if you hang up the receiver without acknowledging your error, the operator gets the blame when she tells the other party that "there's no one on the line." The operator is human, of course, and doesn't like to take the blame which isn't hers.

Then again, did you ever "hang up" when some one you did not wish to talk with, answered your call?

Claar Telephone Co.
Bedford, Pa.

HAMBONE'S MEDITATIONS

HIT AIN' ALLUZ SECH
A MOANFUL THING CASE
YOU DONE LOS' ALL
YO' FRIENDS--HIT PEND
ON DE KIN' O' FRIENDS
YOU BIN HAD!!



THE TRAGEDY

By JANE GORDON

(© 1923, Western Newspaper Union.)
SHE stood before the mirror in her pretty room regarding with tragic eyes her own reflection. It was a charming picture the young woman made, yet in it she found no pleasure. Sylvia was dressed for a Colonial days party, and gleaming with powder and silvery ornaments. The door opened to admit the aunt, with whom now Sylvia made her home—but for this kindly relative, she was quite alone in the world.

Mrs. Temple came to put a loving arm about the young woman's graceful figure. "My dear!" she exclaimed, "how very lovely! Surely this vision of yourself must banish all fancied shadows. You will have a happy time tonight."

Sylvia caught her breath; her voice broke tremulously. "It is all wrong, I know," she said, "but sometimes I think that I shall never be happy or natural again. Aunt Martha. Tom looks at me as though I were a stranger; as though the one he loved had gone. And so," added Sylvia slowly, "she has."

Sylvia turned from the mirror and went down the stair. At its foot a young man stood, his upraised face baffling in its expression; admiration at sight of the young woman descending seemed mingled with disappointment. He put out his hand. The quaint lady of olden-time garb ignored the outstretched hand and swept on her way. Her uncle greeted her in the living room, already arranged for the evening's celebration. A tall man stood beside him.

"This," said Uncle Robert, "is my friend Dick Dorner, Sylvia, otherwise known as Dr. Richard Boynton Dorner, surgeon."

Sylvia soon found her task of entertaining no task at all; it was the physician who took over the duty. She sat listening as he talked; played for him later in an isolated music room, while he sang in a pleasing tenor voice; walked with him through the conservatory where shaded lights made of the place a bower of enchantment. Indeed, Sylvia, her obsessing sorrow for the first time forgotten seemed to be moving in enchantment throughout the evening. Ladies with powdered hair, gallants in white curled wigs passed them unnoticed. These two, lately unknown to each other, were content, happiest alone. Across the decorated dining table they conversed with guests merrily, turning always in sympathetic understanding again to each other.

"Dorner," whispered Robert to his wife, "is certainly bowled over by Sylvia. Eyes and ears for no one else. Our little sister has undoubtedly charm, we know, but Dorner—and so soon."

Mrs. Tyler smiled. "And so completely," she agreed. "Oh, I hope that all may be well. Sylvia deserves happiness; and Tom's desertion—for it amounted to that—made of her late misfortune a tragedy. Of course Sylvia never truly loved Tom; it could not be so. She must love one more worthy. Nevertheless, even a mistaken engagement when broken leaves loneliness. But one night is so short a time to bring love, Robert, and when your delightful friend sees Sylvia tomorrow, when the costume party is over—oh, my dear, must she be lonely still?"

Sylvia and the physician sat, as the hour grew late, apart in the conservatory; a fountain tinkled near, and the glow in the man's eyes deepened as he looked at her.

"I must see you tomorrow," Richard Dorner said earnestly, "and many tomorrows. You may not believe in early love. I shall have to wait patiently. For myself there can be no further proving. I—I love you. Of that fact there is no doubt. To hope that you may one day learn to return that love shall be my comfort and inspiration."

Sylvia's blue eyes beneath their inky lashes shone like stars. Tears filled them, fell unheeded to her cheek. "This," she said, "is but a masquerade; tomorrow you will not wish to win me."

The man leaned nearer. "Explain to me your riddle," he commanded.

Sylvia arose. "Not long ago," she said, "I was taken to the hospital; there was great suffering and fever—it had been an auto accident. They operated on my head. The operation was successful. I recovered. Then, one day they brought to me a mirror. I saw myself, a woman with a snow-white crown. My hair had been the color of sunshine. I could not find myself. It grieved me; made me sensitive of remark and notice—my white, white hair. Youth, it seemed, had gone with the gold. Tomorrow I shall not be able with the rest—Sylvia's voice broke—"to doff my masquerade."

Impulsively, masterfully, the surgeon caught the forlorn, small figure in his arms. "My dear! my dear!" he murmured. "What a beautiful tragedy. I love you just so, in your moonlight. It was I who operated upon that wounded head, watched later from a hospital doorway your shock and wistful sorrow; I who heard of a young lover's consternation over the loss of a certain golden crown. The gold is still in your heart, my Sylvia, the sunshine is in your smile. I shall teach you to love me." Richard Dorner himself smiled. "I must earn the name of wizard, which they bestow upon me."

Sylvia looked up to him, in her blue eyes the age old joy.

Legal Advertising

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF Margaret Hickes, late of Saxon Borough, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

Thomas J. Hickes,
Saxon, Pa.
Executor

Simon H. Sell,
Attorney.

Feb. 1, Mar. 7

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF Rose Ellen Otto, late of Bedford Borough, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

Calvin Otto,
Executor.

Simon H. Sell,
Attorney.

Feb. 8, Mar. 14

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF George W. Oster, late of East St. Clair Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

Emma E. Oster,
Osterburg, Pa.
Executive

Simon H. Sell,
Attorney.

Feb. 1, Mar. 7

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF William E. Brant, late of Juniata Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned executor named in the last will and testament of William E. Brant, late of Juniata Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased, all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent are hereby notified to present the same without delay to payment, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt payment of the same.

Allen W. Hillegass,
Buffalo Mills, Pa.
Harry C. James,
Attorney.
Executive

Feb. 22, Mar. 28

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF A. Lincoln Ickes, late of King Township, Bedford County, Pa., Deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

Lilbie R. Colbaugh,
Leah Pearl Shaefer,
Osterburg, Pa.
Frank E. Colvin,
Administrator
Attorney.

Feb. 22, Mar. 28

CHARTER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County Pennsylvania, on Monday, April 21, 1924, under the Corporation Act of the 29th of April A. D. 1574 and the Supplements thereto, by L. D. Blackwelder, W. A. King, Jere C. West and others for the Charter of an intended Corporation to be called Bedford County Automobile Club for the purpose of lawfully advancing and protecting the interests and enjoyments of the users and owners of motor vehicles by promoting the cause of good roads, furthering the cause of highway safety, encouraging automobile touring to the historical shrines and scenic grandeur of Bedford County and the State of Pennsylvania, and cooperating for their mutual advantage and the better attainment of the aforesaid purpose, and for this purpose to purchase, hold, lease and improve such real estate and other property as may be necessary and to have and possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

Simon H. Sell,
Solicitor

Bedford, Penna.

Feb. 22—Mar. 14

Stock Enjoy Good Bed

All classes of live stock thoroughly enjoy a good bed. If well bedded they will rest better and make more efficient use of their feed. Careful attention to such details will often result in profit, while neglect of the same will mean a loss.

Produce Strong Pigs.

A mature brood sow that receives one pound of corn per day per 100 pounds live weight and all the alfalfa hay she will eat out of a rack will produce a strong litter of pigs.

"Sobbin' Blues"

Played by Art Kahn and His Orchestra, reaches for you with its blueful melody on Columbia Record 16 D.

Columbia

New Process RECORDS
Columbia Phonograph Company.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Please Ask your Druggist for
Chichester's Pills. Large
Box, sealed with Blue Ribbon.
Take no other. Price 25c
each. For Skin Troubles
Diamond Brand Pills for 25
years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Gude's Pepto-Mangan Tonic and Blood Enricher

Safe to Learn.

It is always safe to learn even from our enemies, seldom safe to instruct even our friends.—Colton.

KEMP'S BALSAM



STREET RAILWAY TAX NOW EXCEEDS INCOME

Difference Between Imposts and Revenue Increasing, Committee Asserts.

Electric railway taxes are now exceeding net income and the difference is increasing, the Pennsylvania Public Service Information Committee declares.

The increase of the per cent of taxes to net income (before taxes have been paid) of electric railway companies in this country for the last twenty years has been steady and rapid, the Committee continues.

Analysis of figures show that in 1922 the electric railway companies' taxes exceeded net income with an increase of 53.2 per cent of net income before taxes. These companies paid 6.5 per cent of total expenses as taxes in the same year.

In a study made by the Institute for Research in Land Economics and Public Utilities, that startling jump is well portrayed. Beginning with 30 per cent in 1902, the proportion of net income before taxes, received by government, rose to 32.9 per cent in 1907, to 36.1 per cent in 1912 to 44.8 per cent in 1917, until in 1922 the taxes exceeded net income.

Electric railways paid 6.0 per cent of total expenses as taxes in 1902, 5.1 per cent in 1907, 6.7 per cent in 1912, 6.8 per cent in 1917 and 6.5 per cent in 1922.

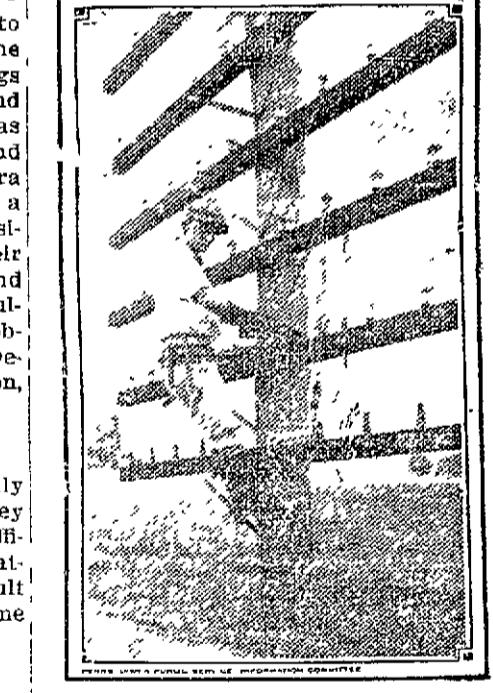
The total payment of taxes assignable to railway operations amounted to \$64,788,315 in 1922, which represents a 41.6 per cent increase over similar payments in 1917. Net operating revenues increased only 12.3 per cent and gross income increased only 10.7 per cent over the same period.

PHONE LINEMEN BUSY EVERYWHERE IN PENNA.

Companies Installing New Equipment to Meet Increased Demands.

Telephone linemen are busy in almost every section of Pennsylvania putting up new poles and stringing additional wires to take care of increased demands for service.

The stimulation of industrial and commercial development throughout the Commonwealth has brought in thousands of applications for telephone instruments and in the case of one company, the largest in Pennsylvania, the net increase in 1923 has been 7000 telephones a month, according to the Pennsylvania Public Service Information Committee.



Here is a familiar figure these days on many Pennsylvania highways where the companies are putting up poles and stringing wires.

That total represents only one-half of the actual number of instruments installed every thirty days.

To meet the 1924 demand for increased service, the company is adding 630,000 miles of new wire to its plant in Pennsylvania during the present year.

In addition, the installation of new instruments and the stringing of new wires makes it necessary for the company to increase the capacity of virtually every central office switchboard in the state. In some cities, new central offices have been found essential and the building program for this year calls for an outlay of \$7,400,000 for land and structures alone.

New central office equipment, including switchboards, will be \$16,000,000 this year and the total for "gross additions to plant" will be \$39,400,000.

The actual placing of the telephone instrument in the home or office is but a small part of the work required, the Committee explains. A pair of wires must connect each instrument with a central office switchboard and trunk lines and toll lines must unite these offices in one vast network of communication.

MILADY'S CURL COSTLY
American women spent \$1,250,000 last year for electric curlers. The total sales of all types of curling appliances amounted to \$1,500,000.

It is always safe to learn even from our enemies, seldom safe to instruct even our friends.—Colton.



BEDFORD GAZETTE

VICTOR E. P. BARKMAN
Editor and PublisherRegular subscription price per
year \$2.00 payable in advance.All communications should be ad-
dressed to Gazette Publishing Co.,
Bedford, Pa.The Gazette is the leading news-
paper of Bedford County and its cir-
culation is far ahead of any of its
contemporaries. As an advertising
medium it is one of the best in the
state.Card of "thanks 50c, Resolutions
of Respect, \$1.00; Obituary Poetry
per line. Memorial Poetry 5c per
line."

Friday, February 29, 1924

Feb. 29, 1924.
Editor of Bedford Gazette.In last week's issue of the Inquir-
er one who signs himself "A Volun-
teer of 1861" took quite a lengthy
service of our arguments in favor of the
proposed Soldiers' Compensation
Law now before Congress.His article consists chiefly of
rime which is not argument—it
is a confession that argument is
lacking.The only real point made in his
article is to wait for a pension in
stead of a bonus. Apparently he is
not well informed on this subject.
In 1917 when the Soldiers' Insurance
and Compensation Law was
passed we were told it was to fore-
stall any scandalous pension system
such as grew up after the Civil War.
So far as we may judge by official
acts and utterances the next admin-
istration the policy of 1917 is still in
force. Moreover the American
Legion has taken a stand
against the pension system—
except for the disabled. Therefore on
that point we claim to be consistent
and in line with the policy of the
Federal Government."A Volunteer of 1861" suggests
that we take up government land
and grants. Again he does not know the
facts or else he misrepresents them.
Tillable and is not available for even
a small percentage of the World
War Veterans. All such land thrown
open to Veterans has been applied
for more than 20 times over.Again he shows lack of knowl-
edge of the proposed law when he
says that the receipts would spend
the money foolishly. Only those
veterans who have less than \$50.00
coming to them can get the actual
cash. All others must elect one of
the following: (1) 20 year endow-
ment life insurance policy; (2) farm
or home aid; (3) vocational train-
ing.Below are some copies of records
showing that a few well known
Americans did not consider it un-
patriotic to accept a bonus:From American Legion Weekly of
February 22, 1924."NO TRUE PATRIOT DESIRES OR
WOULD ACCEPT A BONUS"So Say the Anti-Compensation Pro-
Pagans—But Look Below

Argument for the "Bonus"

By George Washington

(From an appeal in behalf of his
Soldiers)It is more than a common debt:
it is a debt of honor; it can never be
considered as a pension or gratuity
nor cancelled until it is fairly dis-
charged.No man will enjoy greater satis-
faction than myself in an exemption
from taxes for a limited time—or
any other adequate immunity or
compensation granted to the brave
defenders of their country's cause.For his own services in the Revolu-
tionary War General Washington
received:(1) A three thousand acre grant
of land from the State of Virginia.
(2) Stock in the Potowmack Canal
Company valued at \$10,000 from the
State of Virginia.(3) For "personal expenses" dur-
ing the war, \$64,415 in cash from
the Federal Government, by Act of
Congress.

APPLICATION FOR "BONUS"

By Abraham Lincoln

State of Illinois, ss:

On this 21st day of August, A. D.
1855, personally appeared before
me, a justice of the peace, Abraham
Lincoln, aged 46 years, a resident
of Sangamon County, in the State of
Illinois, who, being duly sworn ac-
cording to law, declares that he is the
identical Abraham Lincoln who future.Will we have high or low prices
for all commodities in the next de-
cades? The high prices reac-
hade or two? The high prices reac-
hade or two? The high prices reac-M. Thompson, in the war with the ed during the World War
British band of Sac and other tribes period were on very much
the same plane as during the War of 1812 and during the
Black Hawk War. That he volunteer-
ed at the State and county aforesaid
followed by a long period of declin-
ing prices which brought a great
loss to farmers and others engaged in business enter-
prise in said war for about 40 days;Whether we are now facing
a long period of declining prices is a
question of vital importance to
young men of the County, who
desire to attend the Citizens MilitaryTraining Camps this year, must sub-
mit their applications.The time has come again when
young men of the County, who
desire to attend the Citizens MilitaryTraining Camps this year, must sub-
mit their applications.There has been no change in the
location of the camps. Those young
men who prefer the Infantry, Cavalry,
Field Artillery, Signal Corps and
Engineers, will go to CampMead, Maryland, located about
midway between Baltimore and
Washington. The Coast Artillery ap-
plicants will go to Fort Monroe,Virginia. Those attending for the
first time this year will, of course,
go to Camp Meade, Md.The object of these camps is to
bring together young men of high
type from all sections of the coun-
try on a common basis of equality
and under the most favorable con-
ditions of outdoor life, to stimulate
and promote citizenship, patriotism
and Americanism; and, through ex-
pert physical direction, athletic
coaching and military travel, to
benefit the young men individually,

It is the opinion of authori-

lands, to which he may be entitled
under the "act granting bounty lands
to certain officers and soldiers who
have been engaged in the military
service of the United States," passed
September 28, 1850.

(Signed) U. S. Grant

APPLICATION FOR "BONUS"

By Robert E. Lee

State of New York,

County of Orange:

On this 20th day of February, A.

D. 1854, personally appeared before

me, a special judge within and for

the county and State aforesaid,

Robert E. Lee, aged 45 years, an

officer of the United States Army,

who, being duly sworn according to

law, declares that he is the identical

Robert E. Lee who was a captain in

the Corps of Engineers of the Army

of the United States in the late war

with Mexico.

He makes this declaration for the

purpose of obtaining the bounty

land to which he may be entitled

under the "act granting bounty land

to certain officers and soldiers who

have been engaged in the military

service of the United States," passed

September 28, 1850.

(Signed) R. E. Lee

American Legion,

Bedford Post No. 113

Mellon denies using money to beat

the Soldiers' Bonus. Well, if Mr.

Mellon didn't somebody else did.

The amount of "boiler plate" offered

to be sent out to the newspapers

which free offer was declined by

the Gazette indicates that somebody

was paying thousands of dollars to

deceit it. No individual was doing

that on his own "hook". To cover

the press of the entire United States

was some financial problem and who

did it? If Mellon and the Adminis-

tration didn't do it, it should be in-

vestigated to find out where the

money came from to finance such a

gigantic scheme. This administration

has done more lieing propaganda

than any other administration ever

did and it is still doing it. More scan-

dal has taken place during this ad-

ministration than took place in any

six previous ones all because

the people gave the corporations an ab-

solute free hand in 1920 and of

which they have taken an early ad-

vantage. Besides the vast amount of

expense necessary for propaganda

against the bonus there was a con-

certed action for Mellon's tax bill

which cost thousands of dollars to

propagate. Where did the expense of

this propaganda come from? Who

were interested enough to spend

thousands of dollars for this. Not the

ordinary man for he didn't get any

reduction. Not the middle man. His

tax was reduced but a trifle. It was

the independently rich, Mr. Mellon's

type, who put up the cash for this

nefarious tax bill. Because they

would get their taxes by the Mellon

reduced more than 50 per cent.

Let us warn the people that these

vastly rich are working now and

hard—"the President Coolidge to get

this reduction" to suit their pocket-

book and if they can't get the 50

per cent reduction they will take any

reduction they can get and hope that

in the future to be in power to re-

duce their taxes to a minimum and

let the ordinary man suffer. That

is their object and the Republican

party seems to fall in line with their

plans and boost them.

A Virginia-Carolina road to Wash-
ington, D. C. has just been opened.

There is now a good all-weather road

from Washington, Richmond, Dan-
ville, Greensboro, N. C.ADDRESS TO FARM BUREAU
TOMORROW, MARCH 1

B. F. P. Weaver

THE PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS
IN PENNSYLVANIAPrices are the guide to the farm-
ers' production and marketing pro-
gram. Either unconsciously or con-
sciously he must shift his business

as the relative prices for different

commodities change. Never in the

memory of the present generation

has adjustment been so difficult as

in the last ten years. It is the future

price to which a farmer must adapt

his business if he wants to make

maximum profits. Because of the

many complicated factors which

help to determine prices it is exceed-

ingly important that one under-

stands the forces which determine

prices. A study of how prices have

moved in the past will indicate some

of the principles which are likely to

govern price movements in the

future.

Will we have high or low prices

for all commodities in the next de-
cades? The high prices reac-
hade or two? The high prices reac-
hade or two? The high prices reac-M. Thompson, in the war with the ed during the World War
British band of Sac and other tribes period were on very much
the same plane as during the War of 1812 and during the
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Field Artillery, Signal Corps and

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ditions of outdoor life, to stimulate

and promote citizenship, patriotism

and Americanism; and, through ex-

pert physical direction, athletic

coaching and military travel, to

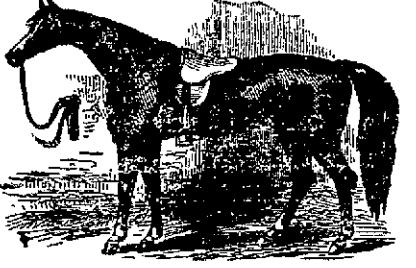
benefit the young men individually,

PUBLIC SALE OF Express Carload of IOWA HORSES

ON
Wednesday, March 5, 1924

At

Union Hotel Stables
Everett, Penna.
At 1 O'clock p. m.



30 Head of High Class Iowa Horses

Among them are 15 extra good mares. These horses are closely mated in teams; are extra well broken; weighing from 1200 to 1600 lbs. each, all good colors.

These horses are carefully selected by the undersigned for soundness and well broken qualities. They will be sold to the highest bidder to be as represented or money refunded.

R. J. GARDNER
BEN M. SHAWBACK
Representatives

SCHELLBURG

18 inches of snow and the mercury 20 below was the kind of weather Schellburg experienced Sunday morning.

Melvin Anderson was recently giving our young men several lessons in dancing and singing. He expects to open a dancing school in the near future if Bob Colvin will assist him in the business.

Mrs. Peter Fisher and Mrs. Will Deane are slowly improving at this writing.

Chas. Wolfe left today for California where he has signed up with the Pacific Base Ball League for the coming summer or season.

Ches Culp and his mother and Miss Jean Garlinger spent Monday evening at Bedford.

Happy Hiner our old goose bone weather prophet says the winter is over and early fishing time is expected.

Chancey Hillegass has been somewhat ill for the past couple weeks.

Geo. Holderbaum of New Paris was here today on special business.

Rolla Hillegass of Jerusalem Valley was calling here for a short while on Monday.

The gang of State Road men of our town are now in Somerset County shoveling snow.

Robert Colvin spent Sunday night at Fishertown as the guest of the Rising family.

Willie Martin of New Baltimore was the guest of Postmaster Poorman and family Sunday evening.

Mrs. Samuel Dull of near Helixville was laid to rest in the cemetery here on Monday. She is survived by her husband and several children.

Geo. Deane is now walking on his face almost. Why, Lumbago of the back.

Harry Dull is now shaking hands with his old friends and wearing a smile 8 x 10. Why, a bouncing big boy came to his home to stay.

POINT

The old Ground Hog Prophet was wise when he retired on the 2nd for another six weeks rest. The last ten days we have been experiencing some real winter weather. Fifteen inch snow and the thermometer twenty below Sunday morning. It puts all on an equality the auto has been relegated to the rear the past week and sleds and sleighs, the kind that was used in our grandfathers' days came out and are the principal mode of travel now.

Mrs. David Shull who spent a few months the first part of the winter west of the Allegheny has returned to her home here.

There seems to be considerable sickness in this community. Some call it grip, others call it flu. No one very serious although the doctors are kept on the go to keep them from getting serious.

ROUND KNOB

There has been quite a snow storm passed through our section the past week blocking the traffic for a few days.

Sunday School at Round Knob was very largely attended on Sunday last.

Emma Winter and Jamie Winter visited at the home of Albert S. Figard on Sunday last.

Wade H. Figard and wife were in Ray's Cove last Sunday visiting David A. Wright and Lemull Wright.

Work on the run is very poor only one and two days a week.

Edith Winter is on the sick list at this writing. We hope for her speedy recovery.

Annie Walters who has been confined to the home with swollen neck is reported some better at this writing.

Jack Wilkey of Puttstown was buried at Saxton on last Wednesday afternoon. Death being due to a stroke.

Brother Brinton Cutchall of Six Mile Run delivered a very able sermon at Round Knob church on last Sunday evening.

Blanch Drennen is in Ray's Cove this week visiting at the home of Samuel Metz.

Mrs. Alex Forman who has been on the sick list for the past month is reported some better at this writing.

LANGDONDALE

Mrs. John Kline of Hopewell visited her father, Mr. John Brownell on Sunday.

Mrs. George Swartz spent Sunday at the home of her daughter Mrs. John Barton.

The primary and intermediate rooms were closed three days last week. The teachers being unable to get there through the snow.

Mrs. David Fluke and mother Mrs. M. A. Blake of Hopewell spent Sunday at the home of Mr. Carl Fluke.

Miss Ruth Helsel returned home Saturday night after spending some time visiting friends in Duncansville and Altoona.

Mrs. Mary Young spent the past week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Edmondson of Rt. 2, Hopewell.

On Sunday morning the officers and teachers of the M. E. Sunday School met at a special meeting for the purpose of getting the Cradle Roll and Home Department in working order thus making their school front line.

There will be a social held in the basement of the church on Saturday, March 1st, for the benefit of the Sunday School. Everybody invited.

Mr. Roy Williams of Windber came to see his mother Mrs. Ellen Williams who was very ill a few days last week and returned home Monday evening.

Mr. Calvin McGregor was very ill with diphtheria the last week.

Dr. Shimer has taken a rest on account of the snow as he couldn't get through for several days. The snow plows were out on Monday evening.

Riches and Poverty.

The embarrassment of riches may be great, but it is as nothing compared with the embarrassment of poverty.

PLEASANTVILLE

Mr. Roy Williams of Windber

and teachers of the M. E. Sunday

School met at a special meeting for

the purpose of getting the Cradle

Roll and Home Department in work-

ing order thus making their school

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There will be a social held in the

basement of the church on Saturday,

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Sunday School. Everybody invited.

Legal Advertising

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF Mary Long, late of King Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

Frank E. Colvin, Elmer Long,
Attorney. Administrator
Feb. 29, Mar. 4. Elmer, Pa.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF REAL ESTATE

Estate of William E. Brant, late of Juniata Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

The undersigned executor of William E. Brant, dec'd., by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, Pa., will offer at public sale, on the premises hereinafter described in Juniata Township, said County, on Friday, March 21, 1924, at nine o'clock a. m. the following described real estate, situate in said Juniata Township; On the north by Jacob Corley and Emanuel Hyde Heirs, on the east by Raymond Miller, on the south by Walter Elder and Amanda Brant, on the west by Henry Brant and Upton Brant, containing 219 acres and 73 perches, more or less, containing two tracts as follows:

No. 1. The Mansion Farm, adjoining Upton Brant, Jacob Corley, William E. Brant, dec'd., Amanda Brant and Henry Brant, containing about 107 acres and 58 perches, having thereon erected an eight room frame dwelling house, good bank barn, and necessary outbuildings, well timbered with good marketable timber, plenty of fruit, in good state of cultivation, 1 acre of good everbearing strawberry plants, well watered, convenient to church and school, about two miles from Buffalo Mills on good public road, about one half mile from Somersett.

No. 2. Tract adjoining Jacob Corley, Emanuel Hyde Heirs, Raymond Miller and William E. Brant, dec'd., contiguous to Tract No. 1 above described, containing about 112 acres and 15 perches, having thereon erected a large sheep barn, well timbered, good state of cultivation, well watered, 23 acres of wheat to be included in the sale of said tracts.

Terms of sale: 10 per cent cash on day of sale, balance of one-third at confirmation of sale, remainder in one year from date of sale, with interest on deferred payment, with privilege of paying cash. Arrangements will be made by the executor, in his individual capacity to carry the deferred payments over a reasonable period of years to suit the purchaser.

Terms: All sums of \$5.00 or less

in cash; on all sums over \$5.00 a credit of four months on giving notes with approved security. No goods to be removed until settled for.

PUBLIC SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

Libbie R. Colebaugh and Leah Pearl Shaefer, administrators of A. L. Ickes, late of King Township, Bedford County, will offer at public sale at the Grant Yon farm, one mile from Osterburg, on Saturday, March 1, 1924, at 1 o'clock P. M. the following personal property:

Horse, mare, brook sow, chickens, half-ton Ford Truck, wagons, work gears, collars and bridles, blankets, sled, buggy, farming implements, mower, plows and harrows, planter, cutting box, chains and spreaders, corn, buckwheat, rye and many other articles.

Allen W. Hillegass, Harry C. James, Executor, Attorney, Buffalo Mills, Pa.

Feb. 29, Mar. 14.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF REAL ESTATE

Estate of Walter E. Holler, late of Juniata Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, Pa., the undersigned administrator of said Walter E. Holler, deceased will offer at public sale on the premises hereinafter described, on Saturday, March 22, 1924 at 1:30 p. m. the following described real estate.

Situate in Juniata Township, Bedford County, Pa. about three miles from Bard and about one mile from the Somerset Pike, adjoining lands of Marion Burkett, Harvey May, Scott Turner, Emory May, Henry Gelier and Calvin Hyde, containing about 140 acres, having thereon erected a two story log weatherboarded dwelling house, log weatherboarded barn and outbuildings, near church and school, land well watered, good state of cultivation, well timbered.

Terms of sale: 10 per cent cash on day of sale, balance of one-third at confirmation of sale, remainder in one year, with interest, with privilege of paying any time before due.

The purchaser, through the undersigned attorney, can obtain reasonable number of years to finish payment, by assignment of the purchase money lien.

Marion Burkett, Administrator

Buffalo Mills, Pa. R. F. D. 1

Harry C. James, Attorney.

Feb. 29, Mar. 14.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

The undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, Pa., to sell the real estate of Elizabeth Yount late of the Township and County of Bedford and State of Pennsylvania, consisting of a lot and ground situate in the Township and County of Bedford, adjoining Scott Yont's Heirs, William Stayer, Pennsylvania Railroad right of way and others, and having thereon erected a two story frame house, summer kitchen and out buildings, will expose the same to sale at public vendue on the premises on Tuesday, March 18, 1924 at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day.

George Moses, Trustee

George Points, Attorney.

Feb. 29, Mar. 14.

RHEUMATISM

While in France I obtained from a noted French physician a prescription for the treatment of Rheumatism and Neuritis. I have given it to thousands with wonderful results. The prescription costs me nothing. I ask nothing for it. I will mail it if you will send me your address. A postal will bring it. Write today.

Paul Case, Dept. 500 Brockton, Mass.

George Moses, Trustee

George Points, Attorney.

Feb. 29, Mar. 14.

CHEEK-NEAL COFFEE CO.

New York, Nashville, Houston, Jacksonville, Richmond

PRIMARY ELECTION NOTICE

The Spring Primary will be held on Tuesday, April 22nd, 1924. The polls will be open from seven o'clock a. m. to seven o'clock p. m. The following delegates-at-large to the National Convention will be elected: Seven delegates and seven alternate delegates, representing the Republican party.

Eight delegates and eight alternate delegates representing the Democratic party.

The following delegates to the National Conventions from the 21st Congressional District will be elected: Two delegates and two alternate delegates representing the respective parties, Republican and Democratic, and one delegate from Bedford County representing the Prohibition party.

There will be elected one member of the State Committee, representing the respective parties, Republican and Democratic.

The following party officers are to be elected: One person for party committee man for the respective parties, Republican and Democratic, in each election district of the County of Bedford.

And the following named offices nominations are to be made to wit: President of the United States, State Treasurer, Auditor General, Judge of the Superior Court, one Representative in Congress (21st District), one Representative in the General Assembly.

Thomas Eichelberger, W. H. Mowry, R. A. Stiver, Commissioners in and for the County of Bedford and State of Pennsylvania.

Attest: H. J. Pleacher, Clerk.

Feb. 29, Mar. 14.

PUBLIC SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

Libbie R. Colebaugh and Leah Pearl Shaefer, administrators of A. L. Ickes, late of King Township, Bedford County, will offer at public sale at the Grant Yon farm, one mile from Osterburg, on Saturday, March 1, 1924, at 1 o'clock P. M. the following personal property:

Horse, mare, brook sow, chickens, half-ton Ford Truck, wagons, work gears, collars and bridles, blankets, sled, buggy, farming implements, mower, plows and harrows, planter, cutting box, chains and spreaders, corn, buckwheat, rye and many other articles.

Allen W. Hillegass, Harry C. James, Executor, Attorney.

Feb. 29, Mar. 14.

RENEWED TESTIMONY

No one in Bedford who suffers headache, headache, or distressing urinary ill can afford to ignore this Bedford man's twice-told story. It is confirmed, testimony that no Bedford man can doubt.

J. O. Henderson, Bedford St., says: "For sometime now I have been troubled with my kidneys. I have had very bad headaches and a severe pain in the small of my back.

At times I could hardly bend, the pains would catch me so bad. I began using Doan's Pills and found they were doing me good, so I kept on taking them. Now I have no head aches and the pain in my back do not bother me so much. Whenever I feel it coming on, however, I use Doan's Pills right away and they rid me of all the trouble."

On July 26, 1922, Mr. Henderson said: "The cure Doan's Pills gave me has proven lasting and I am more than glad to say a few additional words in behalf of this remedy."

</div

VIOLA GWYN

By GEORGE BARR McCUTCHEON

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Chapter X

The Gracious Enem

Bright and early the next Kenneth gave orders to have his new home put in order for immediate occupancy. Having made up his mind to remain in Lafayette and face the consequences that had seemed insurmountable the night before, he lost no time in committing himself to the final resolve.

Meanwhile he rented an "office" on the north side of the public square, a small room at the back of a furniture store, pending the completion of the two-story brick block on the south side.

As he was hurrying away from the tavern shortly after breakfast he encountered Lapelle coming up from the stable yard. The young Louisianian was in a singularly amiable frame of mind.

"Hello," he called out. Kenneth stopped and waited for him to come up. "I'm off pretty soon for my place below town. It's only about eight miles. I want to arrange with Martin Hawk for a duck-shooting trip the end of the week. He looks after my lean-to down there, and he is the keenest duck hunter in these parts. Better come along."

"Sorry I can't make it," returned Kenneth. "I am moving into my house today and that's going to keep me pretty busy. Mighty good of you to ask me."

"Say, I guess I owe you a sort of apology, Kenny. I hope you will overlook the way I spoke last night when you said you couldn't go to Jack Trenton's. I guess I was a—well, a little sarcastic, wasn't I?"

There was nothing apologetic in his voice or bearing. On the contrary, he spoke in a lofty, casual manner, quite as if this perfunctory concession to the civilities were a matter of form, and was to be so regarded by Gwynne.

"I make it a rule to overlook, if possible, anything a man may say when he is drinking," said Kenneth, smiling. "Well, I have apologized for jeering at you, Gwynne, so I've done all that a sober man should be expected to do." Barry went on carelessly. "You missed it by not going down there with me last night. I cleaned 'em out."

"You did, eh?"

"A cool two thousand," said the other, with a satisfaction that bordered on exultation. "By the way, changing the subject, I'd like to ask you a question. Has a mother the legal right to disinherit a son in case said son marries contrary to her wishes?"

Kenneth looked at him sharply. Could it be possible that Lapelle's mother objected to his marriage with Viola, and was prepared to take drastic action in case he did so?

"Well, it would depend largely on circumstances," said Kenneth, judicially. "I doubt whether a will would stand in case a parent attempted to deprive a child of his or her share of an estate descending from another parent who was deceased. Of course, you understand, there is nothing to prevent her making such a will. But you could contest it and break it, I am sure."

"That's all I want to know," said the other, drawing a deep breath as of relief. "A close friend of mine is likely to be mixed up in just that sort of unpleasantness, and I was a little curious to find out whether such a will would stand the test."

Kenneth would have been surprised and disturbed if he could have known all that lay behind these casual questions. But it was not for him to know that Viola had repeated Mrs. Gwynne's threat to her impatient, arrogant lover, nor was it for him to connect a simple question of law with the ugly plot that had been revealed to Isaac Stain by Moll Hawk.

After two nights of troubled thought, Barry Lapelle had hit upon an extraordinary means to circumvent Rachel Gwynne. With Machiavellian cunning he had devised a way to make Viola his wife without jeopardizing her or his own prospects for the future. No mother, he argued, could be so unreasonable as to disinherit a daughter who had been carried away by force and was compelled to wed her captor rather than submit to a worse instead alternative.

After the noon meal, Kenneth rode up to the old Gwyn house. He found Zachariah beaming on the front doorstep.

"What is it you want to say to me about Barry?" he asked, abruptly.

"Oh, there is plenty of time for that," she replied, frowning. "It will keep. How are you getting along with the house?"

Spindly. It was in very good order. I will be settled in a day or two and as comfortable as anything. Tonight Zachariah and I are going to make a list of everything we need and tomorrow I shall start out on a purchasing tour. I intend to buy quite a lot of new furniture, things for the kitchen, carpets and—"

Viola interrupted him with an exclamation. Her eyes were shining, sparkling with excitement.

"Oh, won't you have me along with

you?"

"Hurrah! It's just what I wanted, Viola. Now you are being a real sister to me. We will start early in the morning and—buy out the town. Bless your heart, you've taken a great load off my mind. I haven't the intelligence of a snipe when it comes to fitting up a—why, say, I tell you what I'll do. I will let you choose everything I need, just as if you were setting up housekeeping for yourself."

"Oh, Kenny, what fun we'll have," she cried. And, first of all, you must let me come over right now and help you with your list. I know much better than you do what you really need—and what you don't need. We must not spend too much money, you see."

"Gad," he gulped, "you—you talk just as if you and I were a poor, struggling young couple planning to get married."

"No, it only proves how mean and selfish I am. I am depriving your future bride of the pleasure of furnishing her own house, and that's what all brides like better than anything. But I promise to pick out things that I know she will like. In the meantime, you will be happy in knowing that you have something handsome to tempt her with when the time comes. Come on, Kenny. Let's go in and start making the list."

She started off toward her own gate, but stopped as he called out to her.

"Wait! Are you sure your mother will approve of your—"

"Of course she will!" she flung back at him. "She doesn't mind our being friendly."

There was a yearning in his eyes as they followed her down to the gate; then he shot a quick, accusing glance at the house in which his enemy lived. He saw the white curtains in the north parlor window drop into place, flutter for a second or two, and then hang perfectly still. Rachel Gwyn had been watching them.

He met Viola at his own disabled gate, which creaked and shivered precariously on its rusty hinges as he jerked it open.

They spent the better part of an hour going over the house. She was in an adorable mood. Once she paused in the middle of a sentence to ask why he was so solemn.

"Goodness me, Kenny, you look as if you had lost your very best friend. Aren't you interested? Shall we stop?"

A feeling of utter desolation had stricken him. He was sick at heart. Every drop of blood in his body was crying out for her. She had removed her bonnet. If he had thought her beautiful on that memorable night at Stricker's he now realized that his first impression was hopelessly inadequate. Her eyes, dancing with eagerness, no longer reflected the disdain and suspicion with which she had regarded him on that former occasion. Her smile was frank and warm and joyous. He saw her now as she really was, incomparably sweet and charming—and so his heart was sick.

"I wouldn't stop for the world," he exclaimed, making a determined effort to banish the telltale misery from his eyes.

"I know!" she cried, after a searching look into his eyes. "You are in love with some one, Kenny, and you are wishing that she were here in my place, helping you to plan the—"

"Nonsense," he broke in, gruffly. "Put that out of your head, Viola. I tell you there is no—no such girl."

"Then," she said darkly, "it must be the dreadful extravagance I am leading you into. Goodness, when I look at this list, I realize what a lot of money it is going to take to—"

"We're not half through," he said, "and I am not thinking of the expense. I am delighted with everything you have suggested. I shudder when I think how helpless I should have been without you. Put down all the things you would most like to have, Viola, and—and—confound the expense. Come along! We're losing time. Did you jot down that last thing we were talking about?"

They proceeded. He had followed about, carrying the ink pot, into which she frequently dipped the big quill pen. She overlooked nothing in the scantily furnished house. She even went so far as timidly to suggest that certain articles of furniture might well be replaced by more attractive ones, and he had promptly agreed. At last she announced that she must go home.

"If you buy all the things we have put down here, Kenny, you will have the loveliest house in Lafayette."

"I have a feeling I shall be very lonely—amidst all this splendor," he said.

"Oh, no, you won't. I shall run in to see you every whipstitch. You will get awfully sick of having me around."

"I am thinking of the time when you are married, Viola, and—and have gone away from Lafayette."

"Well," she began, her brow clouding, "you seem to have got along without me for a good many years."

"Besides, we are supposed to be enemies, aren't we?"

"It doesn't look much like it now, does it?"

"No," she said dubiously, "but I—I must not do anything that will make mother feel unhappy or—"

He broke in a little harshly. "Are you forgetting how unhappy it will make her if you marry Barry Lapelle?"

"Oh, that may be a long way off," she replied calmly. "You see, Barry and I quarreled yesterday. We both have vile tempers—perfectly detestable tempers. Of course, we will make up again—we always do—but there may come a time when he will say,

"You must be made of money," she cried, eyeing him with wonder in her big, violet eyes.

"I am richer now than when we started out this morning," said he, magnifi-

all be over."

She was tying her bonnet strings as she made this astonishing statement. Her chin being tilted upward, she looked straight up into his eyes while her long, shapely fingers busied themselves with the ribbons.

"I guess you have found out what kind of a temper I have, haven't you?" she added genially. As he said nothing (being unable to trust his voice): "I know I shall lead poor Barry a dog's life. If he knew what was good for him he would avoid me as he would the plague."

He swallowed hard. "You—you will not fail to come with me tomorrow morning on the purchasing tour," he said, rather gruffly. "I'll be helpless without you."

"Gad," he gulped, "you—you talk just as if you and I were a poor, struggling young couple planning to get married."

As they walked down to the gate she turned to him and abruptly said:

"Barry is going down the river next week. He expects to be away for nearly a fortnight. Has he said anything to you about it?"

Kenneth started. Next week? The dark of the moon.

"Not a word," he replied grimly.

CHAPTER XI

A Man From Down the River.

Kenneth's first night in the old Gwyn house was an uneasy, restless one, filled with tormenting doubts as to his strength or even his willingness to continue the battle against the forces of nature.

Viola's night was also disturbed. Some strange, mysterious instinct was at work within her, although she was far from being aware of its significance. She lay awake for a long time thinking of him. She was puzzled. Over and over again she asked herself why she had blushed when he looked down at her as she was tying her bonnet-strings, and why had she felt that queer little thrill of alarm? And why did he look at her like that? She announced to her mother at breakfast:

"I don't believe I can ever think of Kenny as a brother."

Rachel Gwyn looked up, startled. "What was that you called him?" she asked.

"Kenny. He has always been called that for short. And somehow, mother, it sounds familiar to me. Have I ever heard father speak of him by that name?"

"I—I am sure I do not know," replied her mother uneasily. "I doubt it. It must be a fancy, Viola."

"I can't get over feeling shy and embarrassed when he looks at me," mused the girl. "Don't you think it odd?"

"It is because you are not used to each other," interrupted Rachel. "You will get over it in time."

"I suppose so. You are sure you don't mind my going to the stores with him, mother?"

Her mother arose from the table.

There was a suggestion of fatalism in her reply. "I think I can understand your desire to be with him."

Rachel's strong, firm shoulders drooped a little as she passed into the sitting room. She sat down abruptly in one of the stiff rocking-chairs, and one with sharp ears might have heard her whisper to herself:

"We cannot blindfold the eyes of nature. They see through everything."

It was nine o'clock when Viola stepped out into her front yard, reticule in hand, and sauntered slowly down the walk, stopping now and then to inspect some Maytime shoot. He was waiting for her outside his own gate.

And so they advanced upon the town, as fine a pair as you would find in a twelvemonth's search. First she conducted him to Jimmy Munn's feed and wagon-yard, where he contracted to spend the first half-dollar of the expedition by engaging Jimmy to haul his purchases up to the house.

"Put the sideboards on your biggest wagon, Jimmy," was Viola's order, "and meet us at Hinkle's."

She proved to be a very sweet and delightful autocrat. For three short and joyous hours she led him from store to store, graciously leaving to him the privilege of selection but in nine cases out of ten demonstrating that he was entirely wrong in his choice, always with the naive remark after the purchase was completed and the money paid in hand: "Of course, Kenny, if you would rather have the other, don't for the world let me interfere."

"You know more about it than I do," he would invariably declare.

She was greatly dismayed, even appalled, as they wended their way homeward, followed by the first wagonload of possessions, to find that he had spent the stupendous, unparalleled sum of two hundred and forty-two dollars and fifty cents.

She directed the placing of all the furniture; she put the china safe and pantry in order; she superintended the erection of the big four-poster bed, measured the windows for the new curtains, issued irrevocable commands concerning the hanging of several gay English hunting prints (the actual hanging to be done by Kenneth and his servant in a less crowded hour, after supper, she suggested); ordered Zachariah to remove to the attic of the discarded articles of furniture as could be carried up the pole ladder, the remainder to go to the barn; left instructions not to touch the rolls of carpet until she could measure and cut them into sections, and then went away with the promise to return early in the morning not only with shears and needle, but with Hattie, as well, to sew and lay the carpets—a "Brussels" of bewildering design and "Ingrain" for the bedroom.

"When you come home from the office at noon, Kenny, don't fail to bring tacks and a hammer with you," she instructed, as she fanned her flushed face with her apron.

"But I am not going to the office," he expostulated. "I have too much to see to here."

"It isn't customary for the man of the house to be anywhere around at a time like this," she informed him, firmly. "Oh, don't look so hurt. You have been fine this afternoon. I don't know how I should have got along without you. But tomorrow it will be different. Hattie and I will be busy sewing carpets and—and—well, you really will not be of any use at all."

"Goodness me!" she cried, agast. "You are not going to do all that now are you?"

"Every bit of it," he affirmed. "I am going to rebuild the barn, put in new well, dig a cistern, build a smokehouse, lay a brick walk down to the front gate and put up a brand new picket fence—"

"You must be made of money," she cried, eyeing him with wonder in her big, violet eyes.

"I am richer now than when we started out this morning," said he, magnifi-

cently.

"When you say things like that, you almost make me wish you were not my brother," said she, after a moment, and to her annoyance she felt the blood mount to her face.

"And what would you do if I were not your brother?" he inquired, looking straight ahead.

Whereupon she laughed unrestrainedly. "You would be dreadfully shocked if I were to tell you, but I can't help saying that Barry would be so jealous he wouldn't know what to do."

"You might find yourself playing with fire."

"Well," she said, flippantly, "I've got over wanting to play with dolls. Now, don't scold me! I can see by your face that you'd like to shake me good and hard. My, what a frown! I am glad it isn't January. If your face was to freeze—There! That's better. I shouldn't mind at all if it froze now. You look much nicer when you smile."

"Barry is going down the river next week. He expects to be away for nearly a fortnight. Has he said anything to you about it?"

Kenneth started. Next week? The dark of the moon.

"Not a word," he replied grimly.

CHAPTER XII

A Man From Down the River.

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As they walked down to the gate she turned to him and abruptly said:

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Kenneth started. Next week? The dark of the moon.

"Not a word," he replied grimly.

CHAPTER XIII

A Man From Down the River.

Have you ordered your Ford?

Last year 350,000 buyers waited for delivery.

Insure yourself against delay this spring by placing your order for a Ford Car now.

See the Nearest Authorized Ford Dealer

Ford Motor Company

Detroit, Michigan

BEDFORD PRODUCE CO.

R. M. HOUSEL, President
A. A. SCALETTA, Mgr.
Wholesale Jobbers
Fruits and Vegetables
Oysters in Season
107 S. Richard St.
Bedford, Pa.

County Phone 24-X

Number Ten is the Best Blood Purifier Made.

A Fifty-cent bottle contains a two months treatment and spring is the best time to use it.

Ed. D. Heckerman
The Druggist
Bedford, Pa.

PAGE

Just Received Car Load of Page Wire Fence.

Stock, Field, Hog, Sheep, Poultry, Garden and Green Lawn Fence. Smooth Wire, Barb Wire, Heavy Farm Gates, Giant Steel Line Posts. Nails, Staples.

At Catalogue Prices
Party having wire stretchers kindly return.

E. F. ENGLAND & SON
BEDFORD, PENNA.

PUBLIC SALE

L. J. Miller, of Schellburg, Pa., Rt. 2, will offer for sale at his residence known a sthe L. W. Egolf property in Napier Township, 2 1-2 miles west of Schellburg, and 1-2 mile from Lincoln Highway, on Wednesday, March 19, 1924, at 12 o'clock noon the following personal property:

Gray horse, bay mare, brown mare, 5 head of Grade milk cows, 2 two-year old fat heifers, 2 yearling Jersey heifers, brood sow, five shoats, 10 head of ewes, Osborn binder, Kentucky double-row corn planter, McCormick mower, hay rake, Ontario grain drill, nine hose, riding corn plow, Oliver long plow, Wierd hillside plow, Kramer two-horse wagon, two-horse spring wag

on, pair oscillator sleds walking cultivator, single shovel plow, shelves, spring tooth harrow, hay carriage and track, Stewart horse clippers, set work harness, collars, bridles, lines, breechings, chains, etc., 2 double heating stoves corn and oats by the bushel, hay by the ton, and many other articles. Terms made known on day of sale

A Matter of Covering.
Little Elsie—"They're saying that Aunt Lucy is a prude. What's a prude, mother?" Mrs. Frank X. Posse—"A prude, dearie, is a woman who wears two-inch shoulder straps on her swimming suit."

sleds walking cultivator, single shovel plow, shelves, spring tooth harrow, hay carriage and track, Stewart horse clippers, set work harness, collars, bridles, lines, breechings, chains, etc., 2 double heating stoves corn and oats by the bushel, hay by the ton, and many other articles. Terms made known on day of sale

World's Greatest Runners.
For speed and stamina the Tarahumare Indians of Mexico lead the world. They are in great demand as couriers, for they are said to be able to cover long distances in record time, making more than 100 miles a day.

Artificial Lighting.
It has been computed that there are four times as many artificial lighting hours in winter as in summer. One and a half hours cover the use of light in the average residence in June. While six and a half hours is the average time for December.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

Sunday School Lesson!

(B. REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D.D., Dean of the Evening School, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(© 1924, Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for March 2

THE REVIVAL UNDER SAMUEL

LESSON TEXT—I Sam. 1:7.
GOLDEN TEXT—Prepare your hearts unto the Lord and serve Him only.—I Sam. 7:8.

PRIMARY TOPIC—God Calls the Boy Samuel.

JUNIOR TOPIC—The Victory at Eben-ezer.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—How Samuel Served His Nation.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—The Revival Under Samuel.

Gross immorality and even anarchy prevailed during the close of the period of the judges, as we see recorded in the last chapters of Judges. Through the ministry of the last judge, Samuel, a brighter day dawned upon Israel.

I. Features of Israel's History in This Period.

1. A Demoralized Priesthood.

(1) The priests were actuated by greed (I Sam. 2:12-17). It was God's will that those who ministered at the altar should live of the things of the altar, but they broke through the divine revelations touching this matter and were securing their selfish ends by force.

(2) The priests polluted the courts of God's house with the grossest immorality (I Sam. 2:22). We thus see that the condition of the nation was most appalling. When God's ministers are actuated by greed and practice uncleanness, degradation and ruin rapidly follow.

2. An Alienated People. The only thing which separates people from God is sin. The people who choose sin shall be thus separated from God.

3. A Cessation of Divine Revelation (I Sam. 3:1). God was silent ("The word of God was precious in those days, there was no open vision"). The message from the Lord was a matter of mystery.

II. God Calls Samuel (I Sam. 3:2-10).

Samuel's name means, "Asked of God." He was given to Hannah in answer to prayer. In asking God for this son she vowed to dedicate him to the Lord. Accordingly at an early age she took him to the sanctuary and gave him over to the charge of Eli. Thus in his tender years he ministered to the Lord. The beautiful life of Samuel was in striking contrast to the degradation of the nation.

III. Samuel's First Prophetic Message (I Sam. 3:11-18).

Up to this time Samuel obeyed the one who was over him, but the time had now come when he must directly hear and obey the Lord. The first message intrusted to him is a most terrible one. He hesitated to tell it to Eli, but, when pressed by him, he manifested the true courage which was lying back of his fear. He announced a fearful visitation upon Eli's house because of the sins of his sons.

IV. Samuel Established in the Prophetic Office (I Sam. 3:19-21).

"And Samuel grew, and the Lord was with him, and did let none of his words fall to the ground, and all Israel from Dan even unto Beer-sheba knew that Samuel was established to be a prophet of the Lord."

V. Victory of Samuel (I Sam. 7:14).

1. Samuel Calls Israel to Repentance (v. 1-4). Some twenty years have now elapsed since Israel was humiliated by the Philistines. He asks the people to turn to the Lord with all their hearts, the proof of which would be:

(1) To put away their own licentious worship. This was really gross licentiousness under the guise of religion.

(2) To direct their hearts unto the Lord and serve Him only.

2. Israel Assembled at Mizpeh (vv. 5, 6). The purpose of this assembly was the confession of their sins. They poured water before the Lord, thus symbolizing their need of cleansing and the pouring out of their hearts in penitence before the Lord. They fasted and publicly confessed their sins.

3. The Philistines Attack Israel (v. 7). The assembly of Israel at Mizpeh alarmed the Philistines. They interpreted the gathering as a preparation to attack them, so they decided to attack first.

4. The Intercession of Samuel (vv. 8, 9). Samuel accompanied his intercession with a burnt offering, showing that he looked for acceptance in the sacrifice of another, even Christ.

5. The Victory Over the Philistines (vv. 10, 11). This was the result of God's interposition. "The Lord thundered with a great thunder that day and discomfited them."

6. A Memorial Set Up (vv. 12-14). Samuel set up a stone between Mizpeh and Shen and called it Ebenezer, which means, "Hitherto hath the Lord helped us."

Shining Christians.
Unpolished hearts do not shine; so untried Christians do not display the real luster of their true character.—The Christian Monitor.

The Real Thing.
Self-sacrifice is never the real thing, until self is forgotten clean and clear, in loving thought of others.—Christian Monitor.

Morning.
'Tis always morning somewhere in the world.—Horne.

POULTRY



Roup Can Be Prevented

by Providing Dry House

Roup can be prevented by keeping the poultry in dry, well ventilated houses and feeding balanced rations. Under such conditions if a case appears the bird should be killed and burned or buried deeply, says a writer in Successful Farming. Treating a case of roup is very discouraging. The bird with roup is suffering extreme prostration and the discharges from the disease have a repulsive odor. This odor is the factor that determines whether the hen has roup or a simple cold.

If a hen has a cold it is only a few steps to a case of roup. Isolate hens with running eyes and treat them with one of the coal tar disinfectants or a commercial roup remedy. Place permanganate of potash in the drinking water to keep the disease from spreading. Color the water a deep red. Never return a bird with a cold to the flock until she is thoroughly cured and looks like a healthy, vigorous specimen.

We know of one case where a hen was treated for roup and then liberated before a cure had resulted. In about a week, eight other hens in the flock were sick with the disease, and after another week of fussy unpleasing doctoring, all of the sick hens had to be killed to protect the remainder of the flock.

A hen which has had a severe cold should be banded so she will not be included in the breeding pens the next year. When the disease has progressed until it results in roup the bird is weakened and more subject to a repetition of the disease. This trouble is so serious when once started that the owner of a good flock of poultry must not hesitate to sacrifice the best-looking hen in the flock if she contracts the disease. It is necessary to protect the balance of the flock and prevent a serious financial loss.

Co-Operative Marketing of Eggs Is Profitable

The farm poultry flock has been made a source of cash income as well as for food for the family by many farm women who have learned from their agricultural extension agents the best methods of poultry management and preparation of products for market. The experience of the women of Fairhaven (Ga.) community, is typical of the work in many states. These farm women, desiring to improve the earnings of their flocks, brought eggs to the weekly meeting of the extension club, where the home-demonstration agent showed them how to grade and pack properly for shipment. This was continued each week until the members were able to do the work themselves. They then organized to ship their eggs co-operatively, secured as customer a grocery store in a nearby city, and, according to reports to the United States Department of Agriculture, have been carrying on a satisfactory business for more than a year.

New co-operative egg marketing associations organized in 1922, according to reports, handled 400,000 dozen eggs; in 1923 some 400 new organizations handled about 200,000 dozen eggs.

All Hens Show Decided Preference for Wheat

A recent test at one of the state experiment stations provided certain amounts of various feeds for the hens, and what they left was carefully weighed back in an effort to see which foods the hens preferred naturally.

Almost all the hens showed a decided preference for wheat, which is generally used as a poultry feed. Kafir stood next in popularity, followed by corn and cornmeal, but oats, bran and sunflower seeds did not prove very popular. Alfalfa leaves were also passed by pretty generally.

A similar test showed that the use of either beef scrap or sour milk makes the hen's egg record at least twice as good as though she were fed no animal feed whatever, and that sour milk is slightly better than beef scrap for this purpose, in addition to being cheaper and easier to get on most farms.

Proper Care of Poultry Is Apparent in Autumn

Now is a time when the good care of poultry shows up. The flocks which have been underfed through the summer are not ready for winter laying. The pullets which have had a balanced ration have developed plenty of vigor. The poultry keeper who has neglected his flock cannot hope to make up for lost time. The best of rations will help to improve the poorly-fed flock but they will never equal the birds that have made a rapid normal growth from the start.

Dispose of All Fowls Weak and Lacking Vigor

Cull all hens that are sick, weak, inactive, lacking in vigor, poor eaters, with shrunken, hard, dull or whitened comb; small spread or drooping between rear end of keel and wing bones; full, firm, or hard abdomen; and those that have molted or failed to molt in August or September. Breeds having yellow legs and feet should be discarded. The discarded hens should be sold to a market for checking spring recoil, he can essay gypsy trials and country turnpikes with complete confidence. If his automobile is properly equipped he will ride in comfort at most any pace he chooses."

Trying New Road Surface

A new kind of road surface is being experimented with in Manchester, England. Concrete blocks, six inches square and three inches deep, with a top plate of cast iron a quarter of an inch in width, are being laid.

Question as to Subway.

Why spend \$30,000 a mile to build good roads that lead 500 automobile riders to death at railroad crossings in one day? Why not have the roads cross either over or under the railroad tracks?

GOOD HIGHWAYS

Large Problem Faced Is Durability of Highways

In my travels over the United States I have been most favorably impressed by the great strides in highway improvements made in many states, writes L. G. Fairbank in an exchange.

One gratifying feature is the determination of national, state and county authorities to have real highways, not merely makeshifts. They have profited by experience and realize that to meet the transportation conditions the highways must be constructed accordingly.

In the old days of transportation on steam roads we had the narrow gauge lines with small engines and cars. Heavier loads meant economy in transportation and naturally heavier loads meant heavier cars and locomotives. To meet this situation, however, improvements had to be made in roadbeds and a different type of steel rails had to be provided. This situation exists today in our transportation over the state and national highways. We must have a different program of road construction and that is just what is going on virtually everywhere.

Often it is thought that heavy vehicles, carrying heavy loads, are responsible for the deplorable condition of some highways. We have seen photographic and other proof of the wrecking of roads. We have seen the calamitous condition of pavements smashed by pressure of some kind. What is the answer?

In the fall we find some roads as models of durability. In the spring they are wrecks. Meanwhile heavy trucks had been driven over them. Could there be a superficially plainer case of cause and effect? It was obvious that to save the roads the trucks and the loads must be made lighter.

On some stretches of the road where the collapse of the pavements is most discouraging, nothing goes wrong. There the trucks do not crush the concrete or buckle the brick pavements. The loads are precisely the same that stand over other stretches of the road. The same wheels of the same vehicles roll over sections that stand up under the test that roll over the strips that gave way. What, then, is responsible?

Is it the weight of the loads or is the manner in which the road was constructed? Is it the way the builders failed to adapt their work to the conditions they had to deal with? Is it that soil and drainage, materials and construction methods did not get proper attention?

When one road along a sandy ridge, with good, natural drainage, comes through a hard winter scarcely the worse for wear and another road in the same district and the same climate, carrying the same traffic, with the same truck loads, but with spots in which the subsoil is wet and there is no natural drainage, is found in a state of collapse after the frost comes out of the ground, what is the logical conclusion? Is it lighter loads or closer attention to drainage and other important features entering into the construction of our highways?

Isn't the remedy to be sought in the more scientific adjustments of the highways to the natural changes in the direction of larger vehicle units and more economical transportation on the public roads? The question is vital to the solution of the whole problem of country highways, their construction and maintenance. It is of immense importance to all producers and consumers. It is a basic transportation problem for America's millions of people who want to do the sensible thing and the right thing by all interested.

The trend is strongly along this line and that is why highway construction in 1923 is far in advance of such work done in years gone by.

When Is a Bad Highway a Good One Is Question

When is a bad road a good road? And when is a good road a bad road? Questions seemingly foolish, that are asked by H. R. Leonard, an authority on automobiles, in all seriousness, and then answered by him with considerable logic.

"Many motorists," he says, "think of a road with a macadam, concrete or asphalt surface as 'good,' without considering any other feature of travel over it. A road should not be judged by its surface alone, however. Some of the so-called bad roads with their cleaner air and picturesque scenery loom up as vastly more desirable for enjoyable motoring than the over-traveled highways that parallel them. In these modern times when the motorist rides on long flexible springs and his car is equipped with efficient devices for checking spring recoil, he can essay gypsy trials and country turnpikes with complete confidence. If his automobile is properly equipped he will ride in comfort at most any pace he chooses."

Newspaper ARCHIVE®

PENNSYLVANIA STATE FEDERATION OF ORGANIZED ADULT BIBLE CLASSES

HORN Enthusiastic Convention in Philadelphia

Last Friday was a great day for those who attended the second annual State O. A. B. C. Federation. The extremely bad weather throughout the state and as much as eighteen inches of snow in many sections kept many delegations away that had planned to motor to the convention, yet with all the large auditorium of the Tabernacle Presbyterian Church was well filled for all the sessions.

Bedford County was represented by C. F. Espenshade and H. C. Heckerman.

Thirty-two counties sent delegates and for one in work of this character the men outnumbered the ladies present and quite a few colored delegates were present busily engaged in taking notes. The music was inspiring and in charge of that musical team, Hall and Mack publishers, who know how to inject life into a program. An impressive and appreciated part of the program was during the afternoon session when Dr. Adam Geibel, that blind composer, led the singing and sang several of his own selections. Dr. Geibel had been blind since he was ten days of age. He often will ask his audience to give him the words of some poem after which he will dictate the melody and alto for some new composition to fit those words and then go back and dictate the tenor and bass, keeping in mind that already done.

The thoughts emphasized by every speaker and which stood out as challenges to all present were Law and Order, Personal Evangelism and Religious Education.

The new Adult Field Worker of the state force, Mr. Harry C. Cridland, gained the confidence of those present and, in outlining his program for the coming year, impressed his hearers with the fact that he knew what he was talking about.

Geo. W. Penniman challenged his hearers to urge their classes back home to stand shoulder to shoulder in all civic affairs in order to bring about better conditions in each neighborhood, that classes of earnest men can change the entire standing of a community.

Dr. William Porter Lee, who has been pastor of only one church during his life, made some splendid comparisons of progress since his earlier pastorate and urged all to forget these discussions on mentalism, modernism and fundamentalism because not ten percent of the people in the pews were interested in these theological discussions.

President Vickerman not only interested in the Bible Class and the Sunday School, but who has been the outstanding leader of the dry forces in the House at Harrisburg for ten years, urged activity in civic affairs, a renewal of the Christian home and to see to it that those people we send to Harrisburg next fall commit themselves to law enforcement. He said that Pennsylvania had the best Sabbath laws of any state in the union and urged that our newly elected representatives should be men who will see that these laws are kept on our books and that men and women who stand for these things and then not willing to cast their ballot for them should be ashamed of themselves.

Herman Eldridge, of Erie, gave the convention much to think over. He believes in fundamentals and he says fundamentals are first. "Thou shalt love the Lord with all thy heart and second, 'Thy neighbor as thyself'." He challenged his audience to personal evangelism, win the fellow next to you and, also to service and devotion. He asked all leaders of Bible Classes to turn their backs to the class and look at the community and see if the class has done anything for the community.

General Secretary Myers expressed appreciation of the loyalty that had been given him during his years as adult leader and in words beautifully expressed urged that they stand by the new leader, Mr. Cridland just as loyally. He told of some instances in his own experience of Personal Evangelism and urged it in all classes and, also, that of leadership training in the Organized Classes.

Rev. Jas. K. Quay, a Missionary from Egypt, had a message that comes from devoted men in such sermons from the heart and an earnestness in his message that vice in foreign fields. He told his audience that they spent large amounts of money and that it was time to send missionaries to the foreign field to win souls for Jesus. He said so many here fail to tell others what Jesus has done for them and that a Bible Class has no right to exist if it doesn't bring souls to Christ.

Gov. Pinchot found it impossible to be present because of sickness and he had Major Wright come who told his audience many encouraging things in connection with the 18th amendment. He expressed appreciation of the aid that the Federation of Organized Bible Classes had been to Gov. Pinchot in his fight for law enforcement and urged their continued cooperation. He said the 18th amendment had not made criminals and lawlessness, as some people say, but it has been the means of revealing the criminal! He urged his people to go back home and with the love of God in their hearts not to allow anyone to violate the constitution.

Hon. John McSparran for nearly an hour and a half held that vast audience in close attention. He took his story from the second chapter of second Kings and followed Elijah and Elisha and made a parallel with present day activities. His address had many great truths and challenges following in close succession. He told of our willingness to, in a very short time, finance equip and send two million soldiers to France to protect our interests and of two million more that were about

CLASSIFIED ADS

Having to vacate store room, we are closing out our entire stock.
P. Donahoe Co.

Custom hatching season opens Monday, February 11th. Price \$5.00 per tray of 150 eggs. Bell and country phones.
Joseph J. Barclay,
Feb. 8-29 Bedford, Pa.

FOR RENT—Flat, 4 rooms and bath modern. Possession April 1st.
Moorehead Market,
Bedford, Pa.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Have opened for business, tin slate, asbestos shingles and composition roofing. We also hang gutters and spouting.
Joseph A. Boyle,
Rear Hartley Bank,
Feb. 22-29 * Bedford, Pa

FOR SALE—Nice brick property on West John Street. Inquire of Jack Lampo.

FOR SALE—Residence 514 West Pitt Street, six rooms and bath, good walks and out buildings. Everything in first class condition.

FOR SALE—Palm Oil Middlings \$2.00 per cwt.
H. H. Lysinger & Son

FOR RENT—Apartment furnished, 3 rooms, heat, light, water. Private entrance
Moorehead Market

I have another car of that good George's Creek Lump Coal coming, and also a car of the Old Reliable Big Vein.
Sol C. Ritchey

CLOVER SEED

Our Harvest brand red clover is tested especially for germination in Bedford County soil. Purity 99.25% or better.

The quality and price on our grass seeds will surprise you. Phone your orders.

Griffith Grain Co.
Osterburg, Pa

Feb. 29, Apr. 4

"Trot's Golden Dent Drought Proof Seed Corn". The ears are immense, 10 to 14 in. long with 20 to 28 rows of deep, large grains. It is without doubt the most valuable yellow dent corn ever produced because of its immense yield. Always sure of a crop as it matures in from 100 to 110 days or between the 90 day and later varieties.

1-2 bushel \$2.00; 1 bushel \$3.00;
2 bushel \$5.50 F. O. B. at Ft. Loudon, Pa.

Real Estate For Sale

BUNGALOWS

BUILDING LOTS

FARMS

TIMBER LANDS

Ask for list.

ATTRACTIVE HOMES

If you wish to purchase, sell or rent, let me be of service to you.

FOR SALE—Valuable property on East Penn Street. Low price to quick purchaser.

FOR SALE—House and three acres of ground on Lincoln Highway near Fair Grounds. All out buildings, fruit trees, one acre of strawberries.

FOR RENT—in Elmyer building fine rooms and suite of rooms suitable for professional and business men. Also room on N. Juliana Street suitable for plumber. Possession April 1st.

FOR SALE—at Hopewell, Pa. same double house, corner lot. Reasonable price and terms to quick buyer.

FOR SALE—Remington Portable Typewriter. Oliver Typewriters. Look them over.

\$300—for immediate sale, nice property on South Juliana Street.

FOR SALE—Stiffler's Bakery on Main Street, Everett, Pa. Electric and modern equipment. Reasonable price and terms. Possession at once.

FOR SALE—International truck, low price to quick buyer. A-1 condition. Terms reasonable.

Rush C. Litzinger

Bedford, Pa.

RICHELIEU BUILDING

ready to go and yet we didn't have zeal and sand enough to gather up ten thousand men and money to support them and to help bring this old world to Christ.

Dr. W. C. Pearce, Assistant General Secretary of the World's Sunday School Association, who has recently visited thirty-five countries of the world in the interest of the Sunday School, painted a vivid picture of conditions and opportunities in many of these countries and challenged his audience to think of the Sunday School in world terms.

The opinion was freely expressed that one day was too short for a convention of this kind and that another year it should cover at least parts of two days.

OSTERBURG LUTHERAN CHARGE

Rev. A. C. Curran, Pastor
St. Paul's, Imler: Church service Sunday, Mar. 2, at 2 P. M.

St. Peter's, Osterburg: Church service Sunday, Mar. 2 at 10 A. M. Theme of morning sermon: "Evangelization, the Church's Stress ed Plea."

SALE

50 HORSES 50 STIVER'S STABLES

BEDFORD, PA.

SATURDAY, MAR. 8

All kinds of work, driving and saddle horses and mules.

It was impossible for W. B. Blair to be here with the Illinois horses at the last sale on account of the storm, but he will be here for this sale with a car load of farm chunks, draft and saddle horses.

Two-horse wagons, buggies, surreys, new and second hand work and driving harness, saddles and bridles.

We sell your horses or any and every thing you may want to sell for the usual commission; \$5 under \$50.00--\$6 on \$50.00 or over, 10 per cent on other goods.

Phone or write R. A. Stiver.

Sale begins at 10 o'clock, rain or shine
Terms Cash.

Moorehead's Market

(QUALITY FOODS)

Beef, Pork, Lamb, Veal,
Fresh Dressed Chickens—Fresh
and Frozen Fish—Butter, Eggs
Cheese—Fruits and Vegetables.

SPECIAL

Fresh smoked Hams 10—12
average lb. 20c
Fresh smoked Weiners 2 lbs for 35c

Frozen Whiting 1b. 10c

BEEF

Piate or Brisket Boil, lb. 10c
Fresh Ground Hamburg, lb. 18c
Best cuts chuck roast, lb. 18—20c
Round & Sirloin Steak, lb. 30c

PORK

Small fresh Shoulder, lb. 15c
Small fresh Hams, lb. 20c

Fresh Sausage, all pork, lb. 22c

Fresh Pork Chops, lb. 25c

Fresh Boston Butts, lb. 20c

HOME DRESSED VEAL

Breast of Veal, lb. 18c
Best Shoulder Roast, lb. 25c

Veal Chops, lb. 25c

Kidney Roast, lb. 30c

HOME BREAKFAST BACON

whole or half piece 1b. 25c
Lancy Iceberg Lettuce, lb. 25c

Crisp Florida Celery, 15c 2 for 25c

Medium size Juicy Grape

Fruit, 3 for 25c

Large Sweet Florida Oranges, dozen 50c

Med. size Cal. Oranges, doz 25c

California Lemons, doz 30c

SIX MILE RUN

Cutting ice is the order of the day.

This is the first ice made this winter.

Quite a good bit of sickness at present.

Isaac Thomas is suffering with an attack of quinsy. We hope for his speedy recovery.

Good sleighing now and quite a few sleighing parties taking advantage of it.

Misses Margie and Evelyn Barton have returned home from the city where they have been selecting their spring goods.

Mrs. Clara B. Smith is on the sick list. We hope for her speedy recovery.

Mrs. Olive Stunkard and daughter Helen spent Friday last in Everett getting some dental work done.

Mrs. Janet Grove and sister Virginia spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Foster.

Those who attended the funeral of T. S. Figard from a distance were:

Mrs. Ellen Steel, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Granger, of Pittsburgh; Edward Chamberlain and daughter of West Virginia; Mrs. Cyril Grove and sister Monica of Altoona.

The Ladies of St. Thomas Church will hold a chicken and waffle supper and cake sale in the basement of the church from 5 to 8 o'clock on Tuesday evening, March 4.

FRIEND'S COVE LUTHERAN PASTORATE

ST. CLAIRSVILLE REFORMED CHARGE

FENCE--FENCE--FENCE--FENCE--FENCE

ANOTHER CAR LOAD of that famous AMERICAN FENCE with the famous hinge joint that prevents crushing under pressure, with the tension curve that allows for expansion and contraction in changes of weather. Let us tell you.

About the good galvanizing, that prevents cracking and flaking off.

About the famous Open Hearth or Bessemer Steel.

About specifications and how you are fooled by catalogue prices.

Write us or phone us for cuts and prices.

6 bars 35 inch

DISTANCE BETWEEN RODS 9

5 BARS 26 INCH 8

7 6 5 10

Look at this price. Compare it with any other prices you have.

6—30 Price per rod \$0.28

8—45 Price per rod 30.32

LITTLE RED CLOVER SEED FROM \$14.50 to \$16.50 per bushel

Now is the time to buy your clover seed. We have it on hand for immediate delivery, red clover, Mammoth clover, Aliske, crimson clover, sweet clover and timothy seed.

METZGER HDWE. & HOUSEFURNISHING CO.

BEDFORD, PENNA.

WHOLESALE

RETAIL

Richelieu Theatre

Bedford, Penna.

Our Moto—"Clean Pictures"

Shows Start 7:15 and 9:00 P. M.

Next Week's Program